



CONCEALED CARRIER'S BILL OF RIGHTS

★ NEVADA EDITION ★

GUARANTEED BY NEVADA LAW.
PROTECTED BY THE CONSTITUTION.



Nevada's Concealed Firearm Statutes (**NRS 202.3653 – NRS 202.369**) recognize the right to carry for self-defense. When the government issues a permit, it cannot take it away without following the law and respecting your constitutional rights.



1

RIGHT TO LAWFUL ADMINISTRATION

A concealed carrier has the right to have Nevada's CCW laws administered only by officials acting within the authority granted by NRS 202.3653 through NRS 202.369.



2

RIGHT TO DUE PROCESS

A permit holder has the right to notice, a meaningful opportunity to be heard, and a neutral decisionmaker before being deprived of an existing permit.



3

RIGHT TO KNOW THE BASIS FOR GOVERNMENT ACTION

A permit holder has the right to know the specific statutory and factual basis for any denial, suspension, or revocation.



4

RIGHT TO SUBMIT EVIDENCE

A permit holder has the right to submit documents, corrections, explanations, and evidence before or promptly after any permit deprivation.



5

RIGHT TO A NEUTRAL DECISIONMAKER

A permit holder has the right to review by a decisionmaker who is not acting as investigator, prosecutor, administrator, and judge in the same matter.



6

RIGHT TO CHALLENGE STRUCTURAL BIAS

A permit holder has the right to object when firearm-permit decisions are influenced by agencies or associations engaged in firearm-policy advocacy, lobbying, or institutional conflicts.



7

RIGHT TO JUDICIAL REVIEW

A permit holder has the right to seek judicial review of adverse permit action and to challenge both the factual basis and the procedure used.



8

RIGHT TO PRESERVATION OF RECORDS

A permit holder has the right to demand preservation of documents, communications, reports, database queries, policies, and records relied upon by the government.



9

RIGHT TO EQUAL AND NON-ARBITRARY TREATMENT

A concealed carrier has the right to have permit decisions made under clear, consistent standards—not arbitrary, shifting, or extra-statutory procedures.



10

RIGHT TO FEDERAL CONSTITUTIONAL REMEDIES

A permit holder has the right to seek relief under the U.S. Constitution and 42 U.S.C. § 1983 when state or local officials deprive rights without due process.



A PERMIT
IS **NOT** A FAVOR.

DUE PROCESS
IS **NOT** OPTIONAL.

GOVERNMENT MUST FOLLOW
THE **LAW** BEFORE IT TAKES
AWAY A **RIGHT**.



NEVADA LAW

NRS 202.3653 – 202.369

Establishes the right to a permit, sets eligibility standards, assigns authority to sheriffs (NRS 202.3657), and reserves regulation to the Department of Public Safety (NRS 202.369).



CONSTITUTIONAL PROTECTIONS

- U.S. Constitution: 2nd, 4th, 5th, 14th Amendments
- Nevada Constitution: Article 1, Sections 1, 8, 11, 22
- Right to Keep and Bear Arms
- Due Process & Equal Protection
- Protection from Unreasonable Searches
- Right to Remedy by Due Course of Law

WE STAND FOR YOUR RIGHTS.
WE FIGHT FOR DUE PROCESS.



**CONCEALED
CARRIERS UNION**

DUE PROCESS. RIGHTS. DEFENSE.

★★ KNOW YOUR RIGHTS. ASSERT YOUR RIGHTS. PROTECT YOUR FREEDOM. ★★